

1. Know the contributions/important milestones each of the early psychologists made to the field.

Socrates  
 Plato  
 Aristotle  
 René Descartes  
 Francis Bacon  
 John Locke  
 Wilhelm Wundt  
 G. Stanley Hall  
 Edward Titchener  
 William James  
 Charles Darwin  
 Mary Whiton Calkins  
 Margaret Floy Washburn  
 John B. Watson  
 B. F. Skinner  
 Sigmund Freud  
 Carl Rogers  
 Abraham Maslow

2. Understand the levels of analysis and varying perspectives of psychology

Behavioral  
 Biological  
 Cognitive  
 Evolutionary  
 Humanistic  
 Psychodynamic  
 Social-cultural

3. Know the difference between the various Applied/ Research Subfields of Psychology and Helping Professionals (p.22-23) and describe the kind of work these psychologists might do.

**Review the “Key terms and Concepts to Remember”**

Empiricism  
 Structuralism  
 Functionalism  
 Experimental Psychology  
 Behaviorism  
 Humanistic Psychology  
 Cognitive Neuroscience  
 Psychology  
 Nature–Nurture Issue  
 Natural Selection  
 Levels Of Analysis  
 Biopsychosocial Approach  
 Behavioral Psychology  
 Biological Psychology  
 Cognitive Psychology  
 Evolutionary Psychology  
 Psychodynamic Psychology  
 Social-Cultural Psychology  
 Psychometrics  
 Basic Research  
 Developmental Psychology  
 Educational Psychology  
 Personality Psychology  
 Social Psychology  
 Applied Research  
 Industrial-Organizational  
 (I/O) Psychology  
 Human Factors Psychology  
 Counseling Psychology  
 Clinical Psychology  
 Psychiatry  
 Positive Psychology  
 Community Psychology  
 Testing Effect