

1. Briefly list the contributions/important milestones each of the early psychologists made to the field.

Socrates
Plato
Aristotle
René Descartes
Francis Bacon
John Locke
Wilhelm Wundt
G. Stanley Hall
Edward Titchener
William James
Charles Darwin
Mary Whiton Calkins
Margaret Floy Washburn
John B. Watson
B. F. Skinner
Sigmund Freud
Carl Rogers
Abraham Maslow

2. Explain what is meant by the following statement?
Nurture works on what nature endows. (p.10)

3. Consider the levels of analysis and varying perspectives your author gives to explain the emotion of anger. Using the trait of shyness, apply the seven perspectives to explain why a person might be shy.

Behavioral
Biological
Cognitive
Evolutionary
Humanistic
Psychodynamic
Social-cultural

4. Select 3 areas in the Applied Research Subfields of Psychology or the Helping Professionals (p.22-23) and describe the kind of work these psychologists might do.

Review the “Key terms and Concepts to Remember”

Empiricism
 Structuralism
 Functionalism
 Experimental Psychology
 Behaviorism
 Humanistic Psychology
 Cognitive Neuroscience
 Psychology
 Nature–Nurture Issue
 Natural Selection
 Levels Of Analysis
 Biopsychosocial Approach
 Behavioral Psychology
 Biological Psychology
 Cognitive Psychology
 Evolutionary Psychology
 Psychodynamic
 Psychology
 Social-Cultural Psychology
 Psychometrics
 Basic Research
 Developmental Psychology
 Educational Psychology
 Personality Psychology
 Social Psychology
 Applied Research
 Industrial-Organizational
 (I/O) Psychology
 Human Factors Psychology
 Counseling Psychology
 Clinical Psychology
 Psychiatry
 Positive Psychology
 Community Psychology
 Testing Effect